

Name _____
Hour _____

**Chapter 10 Section: Organization and Membership of Congress
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17. This person is often the most important member of congress because he is a member of the majority party, and the leader of the House of Representatives.
18. Party _____ inform members when bill come up for a vote, figure out votes expected, and influence members to vote for the leadership.
19. _____ is the official leader of the senate, but does not regularly attend senate sessions.
20. _____ is selected to preside over the senate. They do not have real power.
21. Why are standing committees the most important kind of committees?
22. Committees that deal with specific issues are _____.
23. How are joint committees different from select committees?
24. If the House and Senate passed different versions of the same bill, how can they come up with one unified bill?
25. What are caucuses?
26. Which group investigates accusations of wrong doing by congress members?
27. There is no rules committee in the
 - a. Senate
 - b. House of representatives
28. Which types of resolutions are serious and require approval from the President?
29. What happens to 90% of the bills that are sent to committees?
30. How can a bill be forced to the floor after it has been in committee for at least 30 days?
31. What group can grant a rule for a bill to be considered on the floor.?
32. The Constitution requires that Congress needs this in order to do official business.
33. How long may a representative speak on the floor?